Indonesia Business Links

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMON MISCONCEPTION

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CSR WORKSHOP SERIES:

Debunking CSR Practices - Unleashing CSR Potentials

Gran Melia Hotel

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CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

- Community Development?
- Corporate Philanthropy?
- Good Corporate Governance?
- Environment Stewardship?
- Health and Safety?
- Transparency?
- Anti Corruption?
- Compliance?
- Beyond Compliance?

CSR is all of the above and more



CSR DEFINITIONS

"A concept whereby companies integrate social and environmental concerns in their business operations and in their interaction with their stakeholders on a voluntary basis."

(European Commission)

"The continuing commitment by business to behave ethically and contribute to economic development while improving the quality of life of the workforce and their families as well as of the local community and society at large."

(World Business Council for Sustainable Development)

"Actions of an organization to take responsibility for the impacts of its activities on society and the environment, where these actions: are consistent with the interest if society and sustainable development; are based on ethical behavior, compliance with applicable law and intergovernmental instruments; and are integrated into the ongoing activities of an organization."

(ISO 26000: Guidance on Social Responsibility – Working Draft 2)

"The commitment of business to minimize its negative impacts and maximize its positive contributions to all stakeholders in connection in economic, social and environmental aspects to achieve sustainable development"

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CSR DEFINITIONS

No single definition for CSR **but** majority contain key words/dimensions:

- Economic: Business concept, decision making process, commitment, economic development
- Voluntary: Ethical behavior, values, voluntary, beyond legal obligations
- Environmental: environmental stewardship, environmental concerns in operations
- Social: contribute to better society, integrate social concerns in operations, impact on communities
- Stakeholders: interaction with stakeholders (employees, suppliers, customers, communities)



CSR equals Community Development

- CD focuses on disadvantaged communities
- CSR engages all stakeholders

CD is a small part of CSR



CSR equals Charity or Philanthropy

- Charity/Philanthropy is aimed at the needy
- CSR maximizes positive impact

Philanthropy is a "primitive" form of CSR



CSR is about Social Aspects only

- Business not only has social impact
- Business has economic, environmental and social impacts

CSR address the 3Ps



CSR is implemented by a department within a business

- CSR is not the responsibility of one department
- CSR is every employee's responsibility

CSR has to be build in NOT bolt on



CSR is after profit

- CSR starts with the first action of a business
- CSR is aimed at business sustainability

Profit is a by product of CSR



CSR is for large corporations

- All businesses, big and small, has impacts
- CSR is about managing business impacts

CSR should not depend on business size



CSR is an addition to business operations

- CSR manages a business' impact due to its operations
- CSR is about minimizing business' negative impacts and maximizing its positive impacts

CSR leverages business core competence



CSR is a the particular business' responsibility

- A business operation depends and impacts other business entities
- A business is accountable for what its suppliers provides and what its distributors supplies

CSR is the responsibility the whole supply chain



CSR ends with the consumer

- Business must take total responsibility for its products
- Business must be responsible for its products from the drawing board up to the end of its life cycle

CSR is about product stewardship



CSR adds cost to business

- CSR has positive impact on business performance
- Higher performance results in profits

CSR is an investment



CSR is corporate image enhancement

- Promotions cannot cover negative impacts of a business
- Communication cannot present what does not exist

CSR commitment and implementation builds corporate reputation



CSR is voluntary however...

- At minimum, business must comply with the law
- CSR is also about minimizing negative unregulated impacts and maximizing all positive impacts

CSR is also about beyond compliance



CSR is focused on external aspects

- Business cannot ignore internal stakeholders
- Positive impact on internal stakeholders will result in overall positive impact

CSR concerns all stakeholders



CORE CSR ISSUES

Community Involvement/ Society Development

Community

Involvement

Philanthropy

Development Impacts

Society Development

Consumer

- Providing Consumers with Accurate & Adequate Information
- Provision & Development of Socially-Beneficial Services & Products
- Provision & Development of Safe and Reliable Services & Products
- Protection of Consumers

Issues

Fair Operating Practices

- Promotion of Ethical & Transparent Activities
- Promotion of Free Competition
- Application of Fair & Ethical Supply & After-Supply Practice
- Respect for Intellectual & Property Rights & Respect for Users' Interest
- Fight Against Corruption

Organizational Governance

- Inclusiveness
- Ethical Conduct
- Disclosure of Information
- Respect for Rule of Law
- Accountability

Environment

- Pollution Prevention
- Global Warming Prevention
- Sustainable Consumption & Land Use
- Preservation & Restoration of Ecosystems & the Natural Environment
- Respect for Future Generations

Labor Practices

- Occupational & Health Safety
- Dignified Working Conditions
- ConditionsHuman Resource Development
- Worker as a Human Being

Human Rights

- Civil & Political Rights
- Economic, Cultural & Social Rights
- Fundamental Labor Rights
- Community Rights

Source: ISO 26000 - WD2



THANK YOU

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